REGIONAL HOST HANDBOOK

Regional Competition
2019-2020

Prepared by the Texas Young Lawyers Association
INTRODUCTION

Thank you for hosting a National Trial Competition (NTC) regional competition this year. The NTC Committee of the Texas Young Lawyers Association (TYLA) and the American College of Trial Lawyers (ACTL) appreciates your dedication and are here to help you succeed in planning the regional competition.

We provide this Regional Host Handbook as a guide to planning a successful regional competition, from securing judges to understanding the standardized scoring method. It is intended to serve as a resource material and not as a rigid set of rules. Thus, you may follow your region’s customs and practices so long as they remain consistent with the NTC Rules, which have also been provided to you.

The TYLA is pleased to work with you in this endeavor, and we sincerely hope this handbook assists you in the task of administering your regional competition. Please do not hesitate to contact us if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GENERAL INFORMATION</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORMAT OF THE COMPETITION</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RECRUITING JUDGES</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RECRUITING WITNESSES</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAILIFFS</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEAM PAIRINGS</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COACHES’ MEETING</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCORING BALLOTS</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROTEST INFORMATION</td>
<td>21-22, 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BALLOT AND TABULATION TRANSPARENCY</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AFTER THE COMPETITION</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REGIONAL HOST INFORMATION: IN GENERAL

Regional Host Contact:

As a regional host, you should designate one individual as the primary contact for the administration of the competition. All inquiries concerning the regional competition should be directed to that individual. The contact should be prepared to answer questions concerning lodging, scheduling, facilities, and any other matters pertaining to the regional competition. Once you receive the participating schools list from the NTC Coordinator, please provide them the individual’s contact information. (Information about the initial email to participating law schools is addressed below.)

Up to the conclusion of the regional competition, the NTC Coordinator will email the regional host (and the participating schools in the region) various updates, modifications, and clarifications. If a participating school asks the regional host to interpret any of the information or has a substantive question, please have the law school email the NTC Coordinator, Bree Trevino, at btrevino@texasbar.com.

Rules for the Regional Competition:

You have been provided a copy of the current competition rules. You should read the rules and be familiar with them prior to the regional competition. To the extent that anything in this handbook seems inconsistent with the competition rules, the competition rules preempt this handbook. In this regard, the NTC Committee serves as the final authority concerning the competition rules, the regional competitions, and the national competition.

Contact with Law Schools in your Region:

The NTC Coordinator will send an invitation via email to all ABA-accredited schools in late September. The NTC Coordinator will collect registration forms and entry fees, and after the registration form deadline, each regional will receive a list of the participating schools and contact information.

NOTE: On occasion, the NTC committee allows a law school to participate even though the school missed the registration form deadline, and therefore the number of participating schools may change slightly after the regional host receives the initial list of participating schools.

Contact all regional law schools: Prior to the registration form deadline, the regional host should contact the law schools that have not participated in the regional competition in recent years to explain the competition and the benefits of participating. The NTC Coordinator will inform the regional host of which schools fall into this category. Inevitably, this personal contact will reveal law schools in the region that have never received the announcement or materials from the NTC Committee and have never heard of the competition. The NTC committee would love full participation in your region!

Foil team, if necessary: Once the registration form deadline has passed, if an odd number of teams are registered, the NTC committee recommends that the regional host law school create a “foil” team (a/k/a “ghost” team). The regional host can create a foil team using law students from the host law
school or the regional host may contact the other participating schools to recruit a foil team. In any event, the foil team must be made up of current law students who will be familiar with the mock trial problem. The foil team will participate in the preliminary rounds just like every other team, but it cannot qualify for the break rounds. If you do not create a foil team, then one team will be a bye during each preliminary round. The “bye” process/scoring is discussed on page 17.

**Contact with Participating Law Schools about the Competition:**

The regional host should maintain contact with all the participating law schools in the region. In this regard, please copy the NTC Coordinator, Bree Trevino, on all email communication with participating law schools in your region. Her email address is btrevino@texasbar.com.

**Initial Email:** As soon as you receive the list of participating law schools after the registration form deadline closes, you need to send an email to the participating law schools, thanking them for entering this year’s National Trial Competition. The email should also inform them of the following: (1) the dates of the regional competition, and (2) the date the regional problem is expected to be posted on the TYLA website (the NTC Coordinator will let you know the anticipated release date).

**Informational Email:** In late November or early December, the Regional Host needs to email the participating law schools to provide some basic information about the regional competition. The following information should be included:

(1) The format of the regional competition, e.g., number of preliminary rounds and break rounds and whether witnesses will be provided (See Beta Rule 5.5);
(2) Information regarding any receptions or other social events;
(3) Use of demonstrative evidence and learned treatises (NOTE: Use of these during a round are up to the regional host and he/she should consider the region's tradition);
(4) Use of exhibit enlargements (most regions vote to have two exhibits enlarged);
(5) Hotel accommodations, including information about any blocks of hotel rooms, discount rates, parking fees, etc. (this information is useful to assist coaches/advisors in determining the total cost to participate in the regional competition);
(6) The time and location of the coaches’ meeting; and
(7) A reminder that all questions about the competition rules and the regional problem must be submitted in writing to the NTC Coordinator, along with the deadline to submit questions about the problem.

**Date for Your Regional Competition:**

The 2019-2020 regional competitions must be held during the days of January 30-February 2, February 6-9, February 13-16, February 20-23 and February 27-March 1, 2020. Each regional host has the discretion to decide on the specific dates of the regional competition.

In choosing the dates for your regional competition, please take into account any national holidays (ex: Valentine’s Day), any bar conventions or meetings, any other advocacy competitions, and any other events that may be scheduled during the same time frame. Conflicts of this nature will immediately reduce your supply of potential judges and witnesses.

Keep in mind that it is practically impossible to schedule a date satisfactory to all schools in the region desiring to participate. A school that is unable to participate on the selected date may submit a special request to the NTC Coordinator to be placed in another region, and the request will be reviewed by the NTC committee. The request may or may not be granted, depending on the circumstances.
NOTE: The finals will be held April 1-5, 2020, in Fort Worth, Texas. All teams advancing to the finals will receive information and logistics about the competition as soon as ALL of the regional competitions are completed.

**Format of Regional Competitions:**

The regional competition rounds do not have to take place over just Friday, Saturday and Sunday. In fact, many regions hold rounds starting on Thursday evening and end the competition on Saturday or Sunday. The regional host, however, is required to have at least three preliminary rounds. If any host requires an exception to this requirement, such exception must be approved by the TYLA NTC Committee Chair(s).

The NTC Committee suggests using the national format for the regional competition (see the competition rules posted online at [www.tyla.org/ntc](http://www.tyla.org/ntc)). The national format consists of three preliminary rounds, a quarterfinal round, a semifinal round, and a final round. The regional champion and second place team from each region will advance to the national competition. (Some regions do not have a final round and simply send the winners of the semifinal round to the national competition.)

NOTE: If more than 18 teams participate in the regional competition, a quarterfinal round will avoid having a severe cut and will allow more participation by the teams.

**Social Events at the Regional Competition:**

The regional host may have a reception, an awards ceremony, or any other special, social event during the regional competition. The regional host is not required to have any such events; they are purely optional.

NOTE: The TYLA does not provide trophies/plaques for the regional competition. The regional winner and runner-up will receive plaques during an awards banquet at the national competition.

**Sponsors for the Regional Competition:**

To offset the amount of expenses incurred by the host law school, the regional host may solicit sponsorships from third parties, e.g., law firms. You should acknowledge sponsors in written materials, etc. The regional host, however, may be reimbursed only for its own out-of-pocket expenses. Reimbursement is addressed more on page 25.

**Competition Program:**

A program is optional for your regional competition. If you choose to prepare a program, you may want to list all participating schools, team members and coaches, and the volunteer judges. You should also acknowledge any sponsors of the regional competition. Because the list of judges will change up to the last minute with dropouts and add-ins, you may want to list all backup people in the roster even though they might not actually judge.

**Accommodations for Participating Schools:**

As soon as practicable, the regional host should contact local hotels regarding room availability and prices. This information should be sent to the out-of-town participating schools to help them find accommodations during the competition. Many hotels will offer a block room discount rate and parking discounts.
**Regional Problem:**

The regional problem will be posted on the TYLA website, www.tyla.org/ntc. Each participating school will be notified via email when the problem is posted. Thus, all participating schools will have access to the regional problem at the same time. The regional problem is usually posted on the website in early to mid-December.

Participating schools will receive additional information about the deadline for questions about the regional problem. The NTC “problem” sub-committee will review all questions submitted before the deadline and all schools will receive answers to the questions. If a school poses a question about the problem to the regional host, the regional host should email the question(s) to the NTC Coordinator.

**Other information on the website:** In addition to the regional problem, the following information will be posted on the TYLA website (www.tyla.org/ntc):

- Registration Form
- Rules of National Trial Competition (the “competition rules”)
- Regional Host Information (contact information and dates)
- Witness, Bailiff, and Judge Instruction Videos
- Score Tabulation Spreadsheet
- Important Dates to Remember

*NOTE:* Problems from previous competitions are also available on the website and can be used as the current year's intra-school competitions.

**Neutrality for Regional Competition:**

The regional host should strive to maintain neutrality throughout the regional competition. This is because one problem that occurs related to the administration of the regional competition arises in the context of one school or another feeling that it has received unfair or unequal treatment. The regional host may be perceived as having an unfair advantage over the other participating schools, and thus there is often a "bias and prejudice" issue. While this feeling cannot be eliminated, steps should be taken to alleviate the problem.

**Neutral location:** In an effort to lessen the perception of such advantage, it is best to locate the competition in a non-school facility, e.g., a county courthouse, a federal courthouse, etc. If such facilities are unavailable, the regional competition location can be dictated by the availability of rooms elsewhere.

**Neutral administrator:** The regional competition should be administered by someone not directly affiliated with the host school, e.g., a coach or team advisor from the host school should not conduct or administer the competition.

**Anonymity rule:** The anonymity rule should be strictly enforced. Witnesses and judges must be instructed not to inquire into the school affiliation of the participating law schools. In addition, every effort should be made to ensure that no one affiliated with a participating law school serves as a judge or witness in a trial in which that law school is competing.
**Competition Facility:**

As soon as practicable, the regional host should contact courtroom personnel to secure an ample number of courtrooms for the regional competition. If the regional host cannot secure the necessary number of courtrooms, he or she needs to consider viable options, e.g., spacious classrooms or courtrooms at the law school.

Competition rooms should comfortably accommodate a minimum of three judges, two counsel tables, one witness stand, one table for the bailiff, one dry erase or chart board, and sufficient room for maneuvering. Similar rooms should be provided to all teams. If similar accommodations are not available, every effort should be made to see that one team (or one school) does not consistently find itself performing in a nonconforming facility.

Furthermore, please consider facilities that offer ample rooms to coordinate all the associated parties. For example, it is preferable to have a separate room for the judges and the witnesses so that someone can go over their instructions before the mock trial round. You should also consider the availability, safety, and cost of parking.

**NOTE:** You should request at least one courtroom more than you anticipate using for the preliminary rounds. Often a judge will unexpectedly need to use his or her courtroom.
RECRUITING JUDGES

Recruiting judges for the regional competition is vital to a successful competition. As the regional host, you need to use your resources to start recruiting early and you need to keep your information organized.

**Number of Judges:**

You should have at least one presiding judge and two additional judges to evaluate the teams’ performances in each mock trial round. Therefore, if you have 24 teams competing in the regional competition, you will have 12 trials per preliminary round, which means you will need a **minimum of 36 judges** per preliminary round.

*NOTE:* Some judges will cancel last minute, and some judges will be no-shows. Therefore, to be safe you should recruit four judges per round.

The presiding judge conducts the trial, including ruling on objections. The other judges observe the teams from the jury box (or a simulated jury box). It is preferable for all judges should have a minimum of four years trial experience, but this is not a requirement. When assigning judges to each trial, “real” judges and more experienced trial attorneys should act as presiding judges.

**Start Recruiting Early:**

You should start recruiting judges as early as three months before the regional competition.

**Use Recruiting Resources:**

Consider all your resources when it comes to recruiting judges for the regional competition. You must reach out to attorneys by any means possible, e.g., emails, telephone calls, etc.

**ACTL:** The American College of Trial Lawyers (ACTL), which co-sponsors the NTC, has supported the competition from its inception and stands ready to provide whatever assistance it can when recruiting judges. Early in the planning, an ACTL member should be assigned to your region, e.g., the State Committee Chair of the ACTL, and he or she can request a current list of the local members of the ACTL. This list should be kept confidential and not be used for purposes other than recruiting judges for the regional competition.

The list of local ACTL members should be updated by checking each name in the most recent edition of your local law directory. It is amazing the number of people who retire, change firms, change professions, or change office locations during one year.

**Local bar associations:** Contact your local bar associations (including specialty bar associations, such as the trial lawyers’ association, the criminal defense bar association, etc.) to assist you with recruiting judges. In this regard, your local bar association may be willing to include a “recruitment advertisement” in the local bar association newsletter and may be willing to send blast emails. If the regional competition is in a city with a small legal community, consider reaching out to bar organizations in other cities.

*NOTE:* If a local judge is willing to send a letter to attorneys urging them to judge, this is a great way to recruit judges for the competition!
**Benefits of Judging:**

When recruiting judges, you may want to stress that hosting the regional competition is an honor and local support is a vitally important to a successful competition. You can also emphasize the recruiting potential of the competition. A firm desiring to hire law school graduates for a litigation practice can, by judging one or more rounds of the competition, learn far more about potential litigators than by conducting a traditional interview. In addition, check to see if your state’s continuing education requirements allow judging an advocacy competition to count as CLE self-study hours.

**Confirm Judges:**

When an individual has volunteered to participate as a judge, you should send an email (or send a letter) confirming the details. You should also get the following information from the attorney: employer, work phone, cell phone number, law school attended, and law school graduation year (the law school information will help you avoid any “conflict of interest” when assigning judges to panels). The confirmation email should include the following information and documents (if the documents are available at the time attorney initially volunteers):

- Detailed information about the date, time (check-in time 30 minutes before the round begins), location, and parking;
- Guidelines for NTC Judges (included in the Appendix);
- Regional Problem;
- Regional Bench Brief (if it is not available at the time of the confirmation email, you will need to send it in a follow-up email); and
- Any Regional Stipulations.

You should also have copies of the problem, the bench brief, and any stipulations available for judges on the days of the regional competition.

*NOTE*: Please stress the importance of keeping the contents of the bench brief from the participants and coaches.

**Judges – Staying Organized:**

To stay organized when recruiting judges, you should create a spreadsheet that includes the name and other information for each volunteer attorney. This spreadsheet will also help you keep track of the number of attorneys who have volunteered for each mock trial round. In addition, including the dates of communication in the spreadsheet is helpful, e.g., when you emailed the judge documents mentioned above, so that you know when each attorney has been provided with the necessary information.

**Email Reminder:**

Shortly before the regional competition, you should send each attorney a reminder email (or call each attorney) and again thank him or her for agreeing to judge the competition. This reminder email also gives the attorneys another opportunity to ask questions about the regional competition.

**Guidelines for NTC Judges:**

The regional host should provide the judges with written guidelines prior to the regional competition. The “Guidelines for NTC Judges” are included in the Appendix to this handbook. They cover important points about judging the competition, including some of the important competition rules. If
the regional host chooses to use different judges’ guidelines, the host must submit the modified guidelines to the NTC Coordinator for approval at least three (3) weeks before the regional competition. The Judges Instruction Video can also be found on the TYLA website at www.tyla.org/ntc. You can send a link to the video to judge’s in advance in addition to playing the video for judges before each round.

**Tentative Panel Assignments:**

As part of preparing for the regional competition, the regional host should choose tentative courtroom panels (one presiding judge and two additional judges) a week or two before the regional competition. Please try to include a combination of attorneys with a variety of backgrounds in each courtroom, and the presiding judge should be a real judge or an experienced trial attorney, if possible. Panel assignments are always subject to change as people cancel and people are added.

When assigning judges to rounds, you should avoid having alumni judge their own law school team(s). This will help bypass a “conflict of interest” in the rounds.

Also, to prevent a tie score, there must be an odd number of scoring judges on each panel, i.e., one presiding judge and two additional judges or one presiding judge and four additional judges. The size of the panels (three or five) largely depends on the number of affirmative responses received but having three total judges per trial is sufficient. **NOTE:** If sufficient attorneys are available for a four-person panel (or panels), you may have a presiding judge and three evaluators, but the presiding judge will not score the round. In any event, each mock trial must contain the same number of scored ballots.

**Judges’ Meeting Before Each Round:**

Before each mock trial round, a competition administrator needs to conduct a brief judges’ meeting (approximately 15 minutes). The administrator can play the Judges Instruction Video provided on the TYLA website at www.tyla.org/ntc or, if video technology is not available, the administrator can give verbal instructions. The verbal instructions given before each trial should not vary from the written guidelines previously provided to the judges (unless, of course, a judge asks questions not covered by the guidelines or a special problem arises). The administrator giving the instructions should be thoroughly versed with the regional problem and competition rules, and all answers must be consistent with the competition rules. **NOTE:** You may want to provide the judges’ guidelines to the coaches to avoid some of their questions on this matter.

When instructing judges, emphasize the things listed under the “Important, Basic Guidelines” section, e.g., neither the merits nor the demonstrative evidence should sway their decision, the ability of a witness to reply to answers should not be considered, the necessary inference rule applies, and the judges should not leave after the round until the bailiff returns from the scoring room.

If your region traditionally announces the winner of each preliminary round after the commenting session, then let the judges know that they can make an announcement. Otherwise, please make it clear that the winners of the preliminary rounds should not be announced after the round, as coaches will be able to review the ballots before the first advanced round.

Finally, you should announce the panels to the judges after the judges’ meeting and before the commencement of the mock trial round, i.e., in connection with the courtroom assignments at the end of verbal instructions to the judges. You give will the presiding judge the trial envelope, which will contain the scoring ballots. (The contents of the scoring packet are addressed below). If the bailiff and the witnesses are ready to be dispersed to the courtrooms, they may go with the judges. However,
before sending the panel of judges or a bailiff to a courtroom, remind each of them that judges should stay until the judges' ballots have been cleared by a scoring administrator. In the event of a scoring error or a protest, the judges may be needed to ensure that the round is correctly scored.

**Scoring Packets for the Rounds:**

As you announce a judging panel, you will also announce the witnesses and the bailiff for the courtroom. Each judging panel should have a scoring packet in a manila envelope that includes a master ballot and a scoring ballot for each judge. The master ballot and the scoring ballot are included in the Appendix to this handbook. On the front of the envelope, you should have a piece of paper that includes the following information: (1) the numbers of the competing teams, (2) the courtroom number (and floor where it is located), and (3) the name of the presiding judge and the other judges. After the round and after the judges complete their ballots and the master ballot, the judges should put the documents back in the envelope and give it to the bailiff. The bailiff will then take the envelope to the scoring room so that a competition administrator can verify the scores.
RECRUITING WITNESSES

As with recruiting judges, the regional host should start recruiting witness early, should use local resources, and should keep the information organized.

Providing Witnesses:

The large majority of regional hosts have chosen to follow the NTC practice of providing witnesses for the regional competition. While this is not a requirement, it is clearly a more effective way for the students to prepare for the national competition and is a better advocacy teaching tool. In the initial email to the participating law schools, you must let the participating law schools know whether you will be providing witnesses for the regional competition.

Number of Witnesses:

Each side must use two witnesses during a trial; thus, four (4) witnesses are required for each mock trial. Thus, if you have 24 teams participating in the regional competition, you will have twelve (12) mock trials per preliminary round and in turn will need a minimum of forty-eight (48) witnesses for each preliminary round.* A person may be a witness in more than one mock trial, e.g., a person may be a witness in preliminary round one and a witness in preliminary round two.

*Witnesses will cancel and will be no-shows. To be safe, you should recruit five (5) witnesses for each mock trial.

NOTE: The regional problem may require a witness to be a male or a female. If you are short of either male or female witnesses, a person may have to play a witness of the other gender. Please resort to this only if you absolutely must.

Resources for Recruiting Witnesses:

You can recruit volunteer witnesses from a variety of sources, including law schools, undergraduate/graduate schools, paralegal programs, sororities/fraternities, attorneys, law firm staff, retirement/senior living facilities, friends, family, etc. You should, however, avoid using high school students as witnesses.

NOTE: Check to see if any of your law school professors will promote student participation. Some professors may even offer class incentives for witnessing. The student advocacy organization may also offer advocacy points for law students who volunteer to be witnesses.

Schools in each region should agree among themselves that witnesses used for preparation will not be the same witnesses used for the regional competition.

As you recruit witnesses, you should maintain a spreadsheet that includes each person’s contact information, the witness assigned to the person, and the round(s) assigned. It is also helpful to keep track of when you emailed the person the witness statement/deposition and the “Guidelines for Witnesses” informational sheet.

Confirm Witnesses:

You should email each witness volunteer and include the details of the competition (check-in thirty (30) minutes before the round, parking, etc.). You should also ask for the person’s cell phone number. In addition, you should provide the person with the individual witness’s statement or deposition, exhibits pertaining to the witness, and the “Guidelines for Witnesses” informational sheet. You can also send a
link to the Witness Instruction Video in advance. You do not need to provide witnesses with a copy of the entire mock trial problem.

**Guidelines for Witnesses:**

You need to provide each volunteer witness with the “Guidelines for Witnesses” and/or the Witness Instruction Video prior to the regional competition. Suggested “guidelines” are included in the Appendix to this handbook. If you choose to use different guidelines, the guidelines must be submitted to the NTC Coordinator for approval at least three (3) weeks before the regional competition.

**Witnesses’ Meeting Before Each Round:**

A competition administrator should conduct a brief meeting for the witnesses before each round. (This meeting should be conducted by an administrator who is not conducting the judges’ meeting so that the meetings can occur at the same time.) The administrator can play the Witness Instruction Video provided on the TYLA website at www.tyla.org/ntc or, if video technology is not available, the administrator can give verbal instructions. The verbal instructions given before each round should not vary from the written guidelines unless a witness asks a question that is not covered by the guidelines or a special problem arises. The competition administrator going over the guidelines should be thoroughly versed with the problem and competition, and all answers must be consistent with the competition rules. (You may want to provide the “Guidelines for Witnesses” to the coaches to avoid some of their questions on this matter.)

*NOTE: It is important to go over the necessary inference rule and impeachment by omission with the witnesses. These concepts can be confusing to a lay person.*
BAILIFFS

Purpose for Having Bailiffs:

Bailiffs are primarily responsible for keeping time during the mock trial. In addition, each bailiff will verify that all information is filled out and readable on the scoring ballots and will then take the ballots in the trial envelope to the scoring room. After a scoring administrator checks each ballot, the bailiff will be informed that everything has checked out and he/she can then return to the courtroom. This will alert the judges and the teams that the ballots have been verified, and the judges may be released from the round upon completion of any comments. Bailiffs’ Guidelines & Instructions and an optional Bailiffs’ Timekeeping Sheet are included in the Appendix to this handbook.

NOTE: The regional host should ask that the volunteer bailiffs keep time on their cellphones (on airplane mode), so that they can keep track of the remaining time for both competing teams in the round.

Number of Bailiffs: The regional host must recruit a bailiff for each mock trial during the regional competition. Thus, if twenty-four (24) teams are participating in the regional competition, there will be twelve (12) mock trials per preliminary round, and you will need twelve (12) bailiffs per preliminary round. To be safe, you should recruit extra bailiffs – someone will cancel or be a no-show.

Recruiting Bailiffs: Any adult may volunteer to be a bailiff. Law students from the host law school are a great source for bailiffs

NOTE: Some law school advocacy organizations may give students advocacy points for participating as a bailiff. This will provide an incentive for volunteering to be a bailiff.

Confirm Bailiffs:

You should email each bailiff and include details of the competition (time to check-in, parking, etc.). You should also inform them that as a bailiff who will be responsible for keeping time and dealing with the scoring ballots, he/she must stay for the entire mock trial round. Attach the Bailiffs’ Instructions to the email so that he/she will be familiar with the responsibilities. You may also include a link to the Bailiff Instruction Video, which can be found on the TYLA website at www.tyla.org/ntc. In addition, have copies of the instructions available during the competition.

Furthermore, as you recruit bailiffs you should maintain a spreadsheet that includes each person’s contact information and availability for rounds.

Reminder Email: As with judges and witnesses, you need to send the bailiffs a reminder email.

Bailiffs’ Meeting Before Each Round:

Before each round, a competition administrator should meet briefly with the bailiffs (approximately 15 minutes) to go over the Bailiffs’ Instructions and to answer any questions. The administrator can play the Bailiff Instruction Video provided on the TYLA website at www.tyla.org/ntc or, if video technology is not available, the administrator can give verbal instructions. Stress the importance of keeping accurate time, stopping the timer when student advocates object to testimony (and then starting the timer after the presiding judge rules on the objection), the ballot procedure after the mock trial, and keeping a five (5)-minute timer from end of the round—the time when the judges release the competitors—until the deadline for protests.
TEAM PAIRINGS

Team Pairings, In General:

You may determine team pairings for the regional competition before the coaches’ meeting or you may determine them during the coaches’ meeting. Determining the team pairings before the coaches’ meeting will obviously save you time during the meeting. Other items that need to be addressed during the coaches’ meeting are explained below.

NOTE: For the national competition, the pairings are completed before the coaches’ meeting. When deciding which approach to take in your region, you should consider the region’s tradition.

Team Pairings for the Preliminary Rounds:

Below is the method of determining team pairings for the preliminary rounds:

List all participating schools in alphabetical order and assign a number to each team, e.g., Chicago-Kent Team 1, Chicago-Kent Team 2, DePaul Team 3, DePaul Team 4, etc. Write the team name and number of each participating team on a slip of paper and place them in something to draw random pairings for the preliminary rounds.

Each team must present both cases (plaintiff and defense) during the preliminary rounds. Thus, if the first slip of paper pulled is DePaul Team 3, then DePaul Team 3 is assigned the plaintiff for the first preliminary round. If the next slip of paper pulled is Chicago-Kent Team 2, then Chicago-Kent Team 2 is assigned the defense against DePaul Team 3. As the teams are pulled, place the plaintiff and defense teams in separate stacks.

The stack of Preliminary Round One plaintiff teams will be used as the pool of Preliminary Round Two defense teams (thus, the stack of Preliminary Round One defense teams will be used as the pool of Preliminary Round Two plaintiff teams). The pairings for Preliminary Round Two are then made by randomly pulling slips of paper from each of the new stacks.

Finally, two special rules must be followed in the regional competition concerning team pairings:

- Teams from the same school must never oppose each other in any round of the regional competition (unless the regional competition has a true final round).
- No team may meet the same opposing team during Preliminary Round One and Preliminary Round Two.

Thus, if the pulling of slips of paper pairs Loyola plaintiff against Loyola defense, pull another slip of paper for the defense team. Also, if DePaul Team 1 (plaintiff) met Chicago-Kent Team 2 (defense) in Preliminary Round One, then Chicago-Kent Team 2 (plaintiff) cannot meet DePaul Team 1 (defense) in Preliminary Round Two.

Odd Number of Teams (No Foil Team):

If you have an odd number of teams registered and were not able to recruit a foil team, a bye can be used. You must inform the coaches at the coaches’ meeting of the bye procedures before any of the preliminary round pairings are announced. The teams receiving a bye for the first two preliminary rounds should be determined by a random draw. Once a team is selected to receive a bye round, they shall receive a score of 1 Win, 2 Ballots, and Zero-point differential. Since the third preliminary round is power-matched, the last place team shall receive the bye in the third preliminary round. When
determining which teams qualify for the break rounds, if a team with a bye gets to the fourth tie-breaker of point differential, point differential is not used, and a coin flip shall be the fourth tie breaker in such a situation and shall determine the team to advance.

**Team Pairings for Preliminary Round Three (Optional):**

All regions are required to provide a third preliminary round unless extreme circumstances prevent a third preliminary round. To identify the pairings for the third preliminary round, you must utilize the procedures discussed below for selection of teams for the quarterfinal round. You must use win/loss record, ballots won, point differential, and then total points to rank all teams. The third preliminary round is power-matched. So, the top ranked team competes against the second ranked team, the third ranked team competes against the fourth ranked team, and so on, until the last two teams are paired against each other.

**NOTE:** These rankings must be adjusted to avoid two teams from the same school competing against each other and to avoid two teams that have already competed against each other from competing again.

**Pairings for Break Rounds:**

Team pairings for the quarterfinal round and the semifinal round are addressed below.

**Team Pairings on Poster Boards:** The regional host should display the team pairings and courtroom assignments on large poster boards. Purchase large, white poster boards and prepare one side of the poster board for each round of the regional competition. The courtroom assignments and team pairings should be listed on the poster boards. Below is a sample:

**Thursday – Preliminary Round One**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Courtroom</th>
<th>Plaintiff</th>
<th>Defense</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>99th Dist. Court (3rd floor)</td>
<td>Team 1</td>
<td>Team 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>351st Dist. Court (2nd floor)</td>
<td>Team 2</td>
<td>Team 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>107th Dist. Court (2nd floor)</td>
<td>Team 3</td>
<td>Team 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>County Court at Law #1 (3rd floor)</td>
<td>Team 4</td>
<td>Team 8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** You may also want to print out the team pairings and courtroom assignments on standard-sized paper and hand them out to the coaches during the coaches’ meeting. If you choose to decide on team numbers and pairings during the coaches’ meeting, you will need to fill in the team information after the meeting.
COACHES’ MEETING: BEFORE THE COMPETITION

The regional host must conduct a coaches’ meeting prior to the start of the regional competition. Attendance by at least one coach or representative from every team is mandatory. The “local rules” of the region should be discussed, if any. However, the rules regarding ballots, scoring, and tie-breakers MUST mirror the competition rules. This assures that every team advancing from a regional competition arrived as a result of the same scoring and tie-breaking procedures.

The meeting will also give the coaches an opportunity to clarify any competition-related questions they may have and ensure that everyone has received all pertinent information and updates regarding the problem, rules, etc. The Regional Host should also go over the competition schedule and important announcements. Specifically, the following topics should be addressed during the coaches’ meeting:

Regional Competition “Protest” Committee: The competition rules require the formation of a protest committee for the regional competition. Please refer to the rules for specific information regarding the regional competition protest committee.

Next Year’s Regional Host: The Regional Host must have the participating schools discuss a regional host for the following year’s regional competition. If a law school does not volunteer to serve as a regional host for 2020-2021, then the NTC committee may appoint a school to serve as the regional host, or the law schools in the region may not be able to compete in next year’s competition. NOTE: After the regional competition, you must submit the Regional Results and Host Form to the NTC Coordinator.

Scouting by Coaches Prohibited: Coaches are prohibited from talking to team members once witness preparation commences and may not attend any part of a round unless one of their teams is competing in that round. (Please refer to the competition rules for more specific rules governing scouting.)

Necessary Inference Rule and Impeachment by Omission: These are addressed in the competition rules, and coaches may have questions about them. Unlike some other mock trial competitions, the NTC allows for necessary inferences and the NTC committee permits impeachment by omission, i.e., cross examination that focuses on things that an expert did not do.

Team Pairings: If you have not previously paired teams by using a random assignment method, then you should do so at the coaches’ meeting. You must also inform the coaches of any bye procedures. If you choose to determine the team pairings at the coaches’ meeting, then announce the team number designations at the meeting. Have each coach write the number of each of their teams on a slip of paper (one slip of paper per team) and place them in a bowl to draw pairings for the preliminary rounds. As the teams are paired, the school name and team number should be marked on the appropriate sections and sides of the poster boards.

Ballot Room: Beginning with the 2018-2019 competition year, it is a NTC Rule that each team’s preliminary round ballots be made available to it and the tabulation of the score of the lowest ranking team to break (“break score”) be announced to all teams in the competition a reasonable time prior to the start of any post-break rounds. In the coaches meeting, you should provide the coaches with the location where a team’s ballots will be available for review and where the announcement of the break score will be made.
**SCORING BALLOTS**

The regional host is required to follow the same method of scoring used at the national competition. This scoring method is described below.

**NOTE:** You should have a separate “scoring room” so that a competition administrator and at least one scoring assistant may tally the ballots in a private setting. Only competition administrators should be allowed in the scoring room.

**Scoring Ballots:**

The regional host must use the ballots provided in the Appendix, which include the following: (1) an Official Scoring Ballot (one per scoring judge), which has the scoring criteria on the back (see the Appendix); and (2) a Master Ballot (one per judging panel, to be completed by the presiding judge). These scoring documents should be placed in a manila envelope, which was addressed above.

At the end of a round, the bailiff for each mock trial round should place the completed ballots in the trial envelope and take it to the scoring room. (See the Bailiffs’ section above) The bailiff should wait for the scoring administrator to check the ballots for accuracy. This precaution is necessary to avoid the announcement of an incorrect decision. Once the scores have been verified, an administrator will inform the bailiff that he or she may return to the mock trial courtroom.

The student advocates and the judges should not leave the mock trial courtroom until the bailiff returns.

**NOTE:** As a safeguard, at least two scoring administrators should verify each total score on the ballot for each student advocate and team. Each administrator should initial each individual score and each team total.

While the bailiff is waiting outside of the scoring room, scoring administrators must check the calculations on each ballot (those checking the ballot scores should initial each total score). Send back any ballots for clarification if the numbers are unclear, if there is a discrepancy on a particular ballot between the winner on total points and the actual choice for the winning team, or if there is a tie on a ballot. If the ballots contain no errors, tell the bailiff that the judges may be released. In regions where decisions are announced immediately, instruct the bailiff to hand the verdict to the judge and circle the winning team on the poster board. (At the national competition, the winners of the preliminary rounds are not announced; the only announcements made are the teams advancing to the break rounds.)

**Scoring an Odd Number of Teams and Bye Rounds:**

A team that has a bye round must receive a score of 1 Win, 2 Ballots, and Zero-point differentials. If there is a third preliminary round where the teams are power-matched before the break rounds, the last place team shall receive the bye. When determining which teams qualify for the break rounds, if a team with a bye gets to the tie-breaker of point differential, the teams flip a coin.

**Selection of Teams for Quarterfinal Round:**

To determine the top eight (8) teams for the quarterfinal round, prepare the following spreadsheet for use during the regional competition. A score tabulation spreadsheet is available for download on the TYLA website at [www.tyla.org/ntc](http://www.tyla.org/ntc). After the scoring administrators verify ballots, the scores may be entered into the spreadsheet. In other words, fill in the information available from each preliminary rounds as it becomes available.
Regardless of how you set up the spreadsheet, all teams must be ranked based on (1) wins/losses, (2) ballots won, (3) point differential, and then (4) total points. The regional host must use this ranking system, which is consistent with the system used during the national competition. To ensure proper rankings, Regional Hosts may use the score tabulation spreadsheet provided by the TYLA on their website at www.tyla.org/ntc. The top eight (8) teams will advance to the quarterfinals, and the teams will be power-protected in the quarterfinals.

If any two teams are tied after those four categories, a coin flip will decide seeding. The team ranked number one will meet the eighth ranked team; the second ranked team will meet the seventh ranked team, etc. Now, prepare a bracket that is power-protected:

1 v 8
2 v 7
4 v 5
3 v 6

So, the winner of 1 v 8 will play the winner of 4 v 5 in the semifinal round, and the winner of 2 v 7 will play the 3 v 6 winner in the semifinal round. From the quarterfinal round on, teams advance based on winning the round. The team with the most total ballots is declared the winner.

Example of How to Apply the Scoring Rules:

Assume the results after Preliminary Round Two are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Team</th>
<th>Point Differential</th>
<th>1st Rd Ballots</th>
<th>2nd Rd Ballots</th>
<th>Total Ballots</th>
<th>Wins</th>
<th>Losses</th>
<th>Total Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>+12</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>371</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>+10</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>368</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>+8</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>362</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>+15</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>359</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>-12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>-5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>359</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>-8</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>+6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>+20</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>370</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>+18</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>368</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>+17</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>373</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>-9</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>328</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>+6</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>330</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>+4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>356</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>-10</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>-1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>325</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following teams would advance to the semifinal round: Team Nos. 1, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, and 14. Four of these teams (1, 9, 10 and 11) have two wins and no losses. These four teams are ranked number one through four based on ballots and then point differential. Thus, the ranking of these four teams is as follows:
Rank  | Team  | (Details of ballots and point differential)
1     | 11    | (Six total ballots, +17 point differential)
2     | 1     | (Six total ballots, +12 point differential)
3     | 9     | (Five total ballots, +20 point differential)
4     | 10    | (Five total ballots, +18 point differential)

The remaining four teams (4, 8, 13 and 14) are the one-one teams with the most ballots as a result of a split decision loss. These remaining teams are then ranked in slots five through eight based on total ballots and then point differential. If there is a tie in the number of total judges' and evaluators' votes and point differential, you will need to calculate total points. Thus, the top four teams are as follows:

Rank  | Team  | (Details of ballots and point differential)
5     | 8     | (Four total ballots, +6 point differential, 335 total points)
6     | 13    | (Four total ballots, +6 point differential, 330 total points)
7     | 14    | (Four total ballots, +4 point differential)
8     | 4     | (Three total ballots, +15 point differential)

If two teams were tied all the way through total points, the Regional Host will need to gather the coaches for a coin flip. The Regional Host shall assign one team heads and the other tails and flip the coin in the presence of the coaches.

Finally, the teams would be paired based on their rank: Team No. 11 (ranked first) meets Team No. 4 (ranked eighth), Team No. 1 (ranked second) meets Team No. 14 (ranked seventh), Team No. 9 (ranked third) meets Team No. 13 (ranked sixth), and Team No. 10 (ranked fourth) meets Team No. 8 (ranked fifth).

**Effect of Successful Protest on Team Rankings**

In the event the protest committee renders a decision pertaining to a protest that affects the wins, ballots, or points in a round, the decision affects team ranking as follows:

1. **Disqualification from the tournament in a round:** The disqualified team is removed from the rankings. Prior round wins, ballots and point differential for the disqualified team and opposing teams remain the same. The opposing team in the round in which the violation resulting in disqualification occurred is unaffected if such team would have won the round regardless of the protest. If such team would have lost the round in which the violation resulting in disqualification occurred, such team shall be ranked as having a win, two ballots, the same points as awarded by the Judges to them and zero-point differential from that round.

2. **Forfeiture of the round:** If the team who forfeits the round would have won the round, the team is given a loss, zero ballots, and a zero-point differential. If the team who forfeits the round would have lost the round regardless of the protest, the team is given a loss, zero ballots and its actual point differential, unless its point differential is positive, in which case the forfeiting team is given a zero-point differential. The opposing team in the round in which the violation resulting in forfeiture occurred is unaffected if such team would have won the round regardless of the protest. If such team would have lost the round in which the violation resulting in forfeiture occurred, such team shall be ranked as having a win, the same ballots and points as awarded by the judges to them and the same point differential as dictated by the scoring ballots.
3. Deduction of points on one or more ballots: Points are deducted in the matter determined by the protest. The wins, ballots, points and point differential of both teams in the round are ranked normally following the point deduction.

4. Forfeiture of a ballot: The team who forfeits a ballot shall be ranked as having one less ballot. No other adjustments are made to either team in the round.

5. General Deduction of Points: The team who has points deducted shall have their point total from the round reduced from their total points. The point differential of both teams in the round is determined by the point differential following the general deduction of points. No other adjustments are made to either team in the round.

**Team Pairings for the Quarterfinal Round:**

The choice of sides for the quarterfinal round is determined by coin toss with the following caveats: (1) no teams from the same school should face each other; (2) if the pairing is a re-match of a preliminary round, the schools must present opposite sides of the case from the previous preliminary round match-up; and (3) teams should not face the second team from a school where the first team saw the same side of the case. Here are illustrations of these last two caveats:

If team 1 and 5 played each other in the preliminary rounds and 1 was the plaintiff and 5 was the defense, then the two teams must present the opposite case in the break rounds. Thus, in the break rounds Team 1 will be the defense and Team 5 will be the plaintiff.

If Team 3 was the plaintiff playing Team 4 as the defense in the preliminary round and in the advanced round Team 3 is facing Team 8, from the same school as Team 4, then Team 3 cannot be the plaintiff again. Since Team 8 and Team 4 are from the same school, Team 3 will play the defense and Team 8 will play the plaintiff.

For the quarterfinal round, follow all other procedures as used in the preliminary rounds.

**Team Pairings for Semifinal Round:**

The winners from the quarterfinal round advance to the semifinal round as noted above. Apply the same caveats mentioned above when pairing the teams: (1) no two teams from the same school can face each other, (2) if the pairing is a re-match of a preliminary round, the schools must present opposite sides of the case from the previous preliminary round match-up; and (3) teams should not face the second team from a school where the first team saw the same side of the case.

**Final Round at the Regional Competition:**

A final championship round is optional; not all regions provide a championship round. If a championship round is conducted, the team winning the most ballots in the championship round, no matter what the total points are, is declared the regional champion. The team losing the championship round is declared the runner-up.
**Determination of "Winning" School if No Final Round is Conducted:**

The NTC Committee requires that a "winning" school and a "runner-up" school be designated in each region. If the regional competition does not have a championship round, the "winning" team for NTC purposes is determined based on total ballots from the two winners of the semifinal rounds. The "winning" team from the region is the team that has the highest total ballots from all the rounds during the regional competition.
Ballot and Tabulation Transparency

Preliminary Rounds

The regional host must make ballots for all preliminary rounds available a reasonable time prior to the commencement of any post-break rounds. A reasonable time requires time for coaches to review the ballots for each of their own school’s teams and check the ballots for tabulation errors. The regional host may make all ballots for all preliminary rounds available a t the same time, but is not required to make them available following the completion of each round.

In addition, the regional host must announce the following for the lowest ranking team to qualify for post-break rounds: (1) round wins; (2) ballot wins; (3) point differential; and (4) total points.

Post-break Rounds

For post-break rounds, the regional host must make available copies of each team’s ballots to the respective teams a reasonable time prior to the start of any subsequent round. The ballots from the final round must be made available to each respective team promptly after the conclusion of the of the final round of the regional competition.

Additional Information Regarding Ballot and Tabulation Transparency

Additionally, the regional host is only required to provide ballots of a participating law school to that law school. As an example, if “Team 1” requests copies of ballots, the regional host will provide Team 1 copies of the ballots for rounds in which Team 1 participated. The regional host is not required to provide copies of any other teams’ ballots to “Team 1.”

The regional host should announce at the coaches meeting at the beginning of the regional competition when and where the ballots will be made available. The regional host must make available copies of ballots available for inspection and may make such copies available in any reasonable format in the discretion of the regional host.
AFTER THE COMPETITION

After the completion of the regional competition, the regional host should address the following:

Completion of the Results and Regional Host Form:

Within three (3) business days after the regional competition, the Regional Host must complete the Results and Regional Host Form and send the form via email to Bree Trevino, the NTC Coordinator. The form is included in the Appendix to this handbook.

Protest Report:

Within three (3) business days after the regional competition, the Regional Host must send a report of any protests, to include the protest committee coaches, the teams involved, the issues addressed, and the resolution, to Bree Trevino, the NTC Coordinator.

Send Thank You Notes:

Send a thank you note or a thank you email to all judges, court personnel, witnesses, bailiffs, and others who assisted with the regional competition.

Reimbursement:

The regional host is eligible to receive partial reimbursement from the Texas Young Lawyers Association. You can submit a request for reimbursement by email or mail to the NTC Coordinator for expenses, e.g., copying, postage, snacks, courthouse fees, etc., up to but not exceeding one-half of the amount TYLA receives in entry fees for your region. Receipts must be scanned and attached to the request for reimbursement. Please email to btrevino@texasbar.com or mail to Bree Trevino, PO Box 12487, Austin, TX 78711-2487.

Requests for reimbursement must be received by the TYLA office no later than May 1, 2020. No extensions will be granted. Reimbursement requests will be reviewed and approved after the national competition, and reimbursement checks will be issued in May 2020.

TYLA does not reimburse a Regional Host for expenses that have been covered by an outside source or third party, by donation or sponsorship, or alcohol. TYLA only reimburses a Regional Host for costs incurred by the Host itself.

THANK YOU FOR HOSTING!